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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/909,958 07/23/2001		07/23/2001	Christopher Wai-Ming Choi	13201.00046 3063	
27160	7590	7590 02/20/2004		EXAMINER	
PATENT ADMINSTRATOR KATTEN MUCHIN ZAVIS ROSENMAN				LEE, DOUGLAS S	
525 WEST MONROE STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 1600 CHICAGO, IL 60661-3693				2125	lo
•				DATE MAILED: 02/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<del>X</del>					
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/909,958	CHOI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Douglas S Lee	2125					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware	·—						
Disposition of Claims							
<ul> <li>4) Claim(s) 1-41 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-16 is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) Claim(s) 17-41 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>							
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 7/23/01 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)	·						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							

Application/Control Number: 09/909,958

Art Unit: 2125

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments filed 11/19/2003 regarding Arai (EP Application #0644030A2) in view of Louwagie et al. (US Pat. #5,899,962) have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The rejection of claims 17-41 has been sustained. The sole issue of this case is whether the applicant is the first to invent a control architecture with a processor for generating control signals for controlling an analog device such as a hydraulic manifold or actuator. However, such invention is clearly disclosed in Louwagie et al. The question is then it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the control processor of Arai with so called a control architecture having local microprocessors of Louwagie et al. to generate control signals for an analog device such as a hydraulic manifold or actuator. The obvious answer is yes.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

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2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

3. Claims 17-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arai (EP Application #0644030A2) in view of Louwagie et al. (US Pat. #5,899,962).

The sole difference between claims 17-41 and Arai is a system control processor and microcontroller disposed adjacent the manifold or the valves. The applicant argues that such arrangements allow the manifold and valves to be controlled locally to minimize wiring and to prevent processing bottlenecks in the system controller. The applicant further argues that the manifold and valves are located in areas of high thermal and vibration stresses, it would not have been obvious to locate the microcontroller in such a harsh environment. However, Louwagie et al. disclose a transmitter including electronics module having a microcontroller and sensor module having a microcontroller disposed adjacent the manifold or valves so that sensor measurements from remote location are immediately converted into an electrical signal (see col. 1, lines 55-65; col.2, lines 30-35; col.4, lines 40-45; col.6, lines 5-15; col. 12, lines 23-30). The electrical signal can be compensated at the remote location whereby the signal provided to the transmitter has a high level of accuracy. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the control processor of Arai with the transmitter having dual microprocessors of Louwagie et al. to minimize wiring and to prevent processing bottlenecks in the system controller.

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1. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### Conclusion

1. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Douglas Lee, whose telephone number is (703) 305-6907. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00AM- 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Picard, can be reached on (703) 308-0538 or via e-mail addressed to [leo.picard@uspto.gov]. The fax number for this Group is (703) 872-9306.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [doug.lee@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-5631.

*Douglas Lee* 2/18/2004

L. P. P.

LEO PICARD
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
'ECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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